

CONSTITUTION

ISRAEL CANTOR FAMILY SOCIETY

ARTICLE I Name

This Society shall be known as the Israel Cantor Family Society as long as the Society is in existence. This name shall never be changed.

ARTICLE II Identity

As a Jewish family society, we celebrate our shared and diverse Jewish heritage in our communal activities. All Society activities shall be consistent with Jewish traditions, culture, or values. This article may not be changed or repealed without a supermajority of 75% of the members voting.

ARTICLE III Object

The aims of the Society shall be:

- A. To foster the welfare of the members.
- B. To be the medium of extending help to those in need.
- C. To promote social activities so that the generations to come may be bound by the same ties that hold us now.

ARTICLE IV Membership

A. All direct descendants of Yechiel Michel Cantor and legal spouses ("Spouses") of those descendants are eligible for membership.

B. There are two types of Membership available to all eligible Members:

- 1. General Membership: Available to any direct descendant. General Members are granted voting rights on all issues before the Israel Cantor Family Society. General Memberships are available as a Single (Descendant) or Family (Descendant, Spouse, and any children under 21).
- 2. Social Membership: Available to any direct descendant. Social Members are identical to General Members with two exceptions: they do not receive burial benefits and they cannot vote on matters pertaining to the cemetery. Social Memberships are available as a Single (Descendant) or Family (Descendant, Spouse, and any children under 21).

C. When a member resigns or is expelled from the Society, that member may not be readmitted unless such re-entry is approved by a 2/3rds majority at a regular meeting.

D. When a direct descendant arrives at the age of 21 years and applies immediately for membership, such descendant shall be accepted into the Society upon payment of the necessary fees without a vote.

E. If a descendant does not exercise the privilege of becoming a member upon reaching the age of 21 years, then the Society shall vote on the question of admission. A majority vote along with payment of necessary fees is necessary for admission to membership.

ARTICLE V Burial Benefits

A. A General Member, in good standing at the time of death, is entitled to burial benefits. A General Member otherwise entitled to burial benefits is only entitled to such benefits if the Society owns a vacant burial plot, and the General Member is eligible for that plot according to the rules of the cemetery in which the burial plot is located. If the Society does not own such a plot at the time of the member's death, that member's burial benefits are forfeit. Social Members are not entitled to burial benefits.

B. All burial plots owned by the Society must be in a Jewish cemetery or a Jewish portion of a cemetery.

D. These burial benefits shall be extended to the unmarried children of family members until their 21st birthday.

E. Within one year after the death of a member who receives burial benefits, the surviving Spouse has the right to reserve the Spouse's own grave in the nearest possible vacant plot to the grave of the deceased. For such privilege, the surviving Spouse may be required to pay a reasonable amount as determined by the bylaws.

ARTICLE VI Survivor's Rights

A. Upon the death of a member, the surviving Spouse may assume the membership of the deceased.

B. Should a non-descendant surviving Spouse remarry outside the family, the surviving Spouse's membership may continue. Membership and its benefits shall not accrue to the new spouse, nor to issue of their union.

C. Unmarried children of the deceased and survivor are entitled to burial benefits as long as the surviving Spouse maintains membership. This burial benefit ceases upon their 21st birthday. In any case, children are entitled to membership when they come of age.

D. In the event of the death of a surviving Spouse, children of the deceased are entitled to burial benefits without further dues until they are 21.

ARTICLE VII

Appropriations

Appropriations must be approved at a regular meeting in advance of their expenditure.

ARTICLE VIII Voting

A member must be present to vote. Votes by proxy shall not be recognized. One member cannot vote for any other member (including one's spouse) who is not at the meeting.

ARTICLE IX Amendments

Amendments to this constitution except Article 1 shall be submitted in writing at a meeting and may not be voted upon until the next meeting. Special mention shall be made in the meeting notices of the intent to vote on such amendments. Two-thirds of the members voting shall be necessary to pass the amendment, except for amendments amending or repealing Article II ("Identity"), which require a supermajority of 75% of all members voting in order to pass.

Changes in the by-laws shall be made in the same manner except that a majority vote shall be necessary.